

E6201 Linear Systems

Homework 9 (due: Apr. 5)

1. Let  $\{A, b, c\}$  denote an  $n$ th order realization of an LTI dynamical system such that  $\text{rank}(\mathcal{O}(c, A)) = r < n$ . Show there exists a nonsingular matrix  $T$  such that:

a.  $\bar{A} = T^{-1}AT$ ,  $\bar{b} = T^{-1}b$ , and  $\bar{c}^T = c^T T$ , where

$$\bar{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{A}_o & 0 \\ \bar{A}_{\bar{o}o} & \bar{A}_{\bar{o}} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \bar{b} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{b}_o \\ \bar{b}_{\bar{o}} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \text{and} \quad \bar{c} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{c}_o \\ 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

b.  $\{\bar{A}_o, \bar{b}_o, \bar{c}_o\}$  is an order  $r$  observable realization, and

c.  $c^T (sI - A)^{-1} b = \bar{c}_o^T (sI - \bar{A}_o)^{-1} \bar{b}_o$ .

2. Let  $\{A, b, c\}$  denote a minimal realization of an LTI system. Show there exists a nonsingular symmetric matrix  $T$  (i.e.  $T = T^T$ ) such that  $A^T = T^{-1}AT$  and  $b = Tc$ .

[Hint: See Example 2.4-6 in Kailath.]

3. Problem 2.4-13 in Kailath. [Hint: See section 2.4.3, p. 138.]